## <u>In the Abstract</u> (clean copy as amended)

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Methods and apparatus for decreasing cardiac pressure in a patient by implanting a shunt communicating with an area outside said-first portion, whereby a volume of blood sufficient to reduce pressure in said first portion is released are disclosed. Preferably, the end diastolic pressure in the left ventricle is reduced, which is accomplished by having the shunt communicate with the left ventricle so a small volume of blood is released from the left ventricle. Most preferably, the shunt selectively permits flow when a pressure differential between the left ventricle and another chamber of a heart above a threshold pressure, so that shunting is prevented during left ventricular systole, or, alternatively, selectively permits flow when a pressure differential between the left ventricle and another chamber of a heart is between a lower threshold and a higher threshold. In certain embodiments a semi-passive check-valve is controlled and actuated by an external signal.